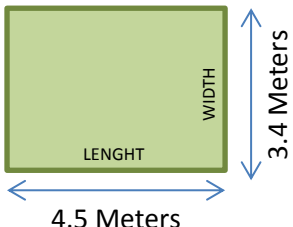
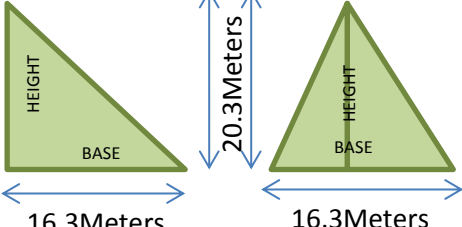
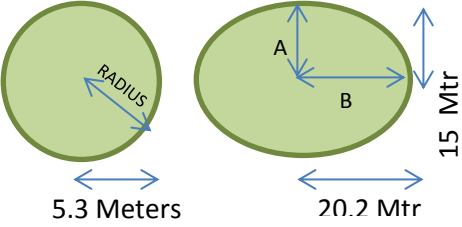
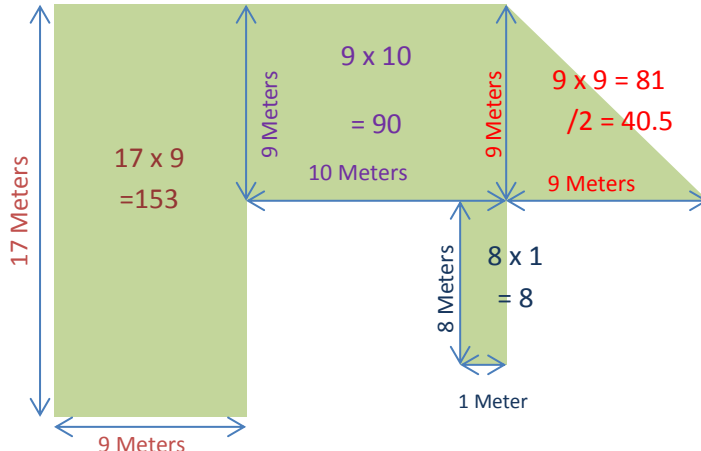


Measurement and Installation Guide

Square/Rectangle	Triangle	Circle/Oval
		
<p>Length x Width 4.5 x 3.4 = 15.3 Square Meters</p>	<p>Base x Height / 2 16.3 x 20.3 = 330.89 / 2 = 165.44 Square Meters</p>	<p>Radius² x 3.14 5.3 x 5.3 = 28.09 x 3.14 = 88.20</p> <p>A x B x 3.14 15 x 20.2 = 303 x 3.14 = 951.42</p>



Example

Total Lawn Area

153
+ 90
+ 40.5
+ 8
= 291.5 Square Meters
Round Up to nearest
Meter
= 292 square Meters

We do suggest adding an extra 2% on top of your order, as cutting in or mismeasurement may leave you short

Installing your turf

Step 1 – Preparation

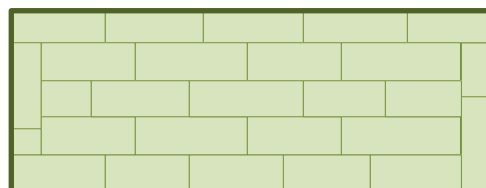
Remove all weed matter from designated area including the roots. The best way is to use a Glyphosate (round-up) application a few weeks before laying your turf. Once the weeds have died cut them down as far as possible. If possible it is best to rotary hoe the area.

Step 2 – Install Topsoil

Install topsoil at a depth of 50-75mm. Sandy Loam with some organic matter is a recommended choice of topsoil. Once topsoil is spread evenly over your designated area it is best to roll your soil to expose any depressions. Your soil should be firm under foot. A lawn level is the best way to finish soil levels.

Step 3 – Laying your lawn

Start by laying your turf around the edges. Once you have created a border lay the rest of the turf across the area ensuring you stagger your joins like brick work. This will prevent the turf drying out. All of the rolls should be laid as close together as possible to avoid drying out between the joins.



Lay Turf in Brick-Work Pattern

Step 4 – Water it in

Water your turf as soon as it is laid ensuring the entire area is soaked. You will need to water your new turf morning and night for the first 2 weeks until the roots have taken.